

AL SALAM BANK B.S.C.

Liquidity and Leverage Ratios

30 September 2022

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) Disclosure 30 September 2022

Background:

Al Salam Bank ("ASB") has been subjected to the Basel III NSFR standards from December 2019, pursuant to CBB circular No. EDBS/KH/54/2018 dated 16th August 2018. ASB is required to maintain NSFR of at least 100% on an on-going basis.

The objective of NSFR is to improve the resiliency of banks by promoting long term funding stability. NSFR is designed to limit the risks emanating from excessive maturity mismatches over the medium to long term. More specifically, the NSFR requires ASB to fund illiquid assets with a minimum amount of stable liabilities over a horizon of one year.

The NSFR requires banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of their assets and off-balance sheet activities. CBB circular stipulates the applicable Required Stable Funding ("RSF") factor for each category of asset and Available Stable Funding ("ASF") factor for each type of funding source.

ASB seeks to ensure that its NSFR remains above the specified regulatory minimum requirements. This is achieved by:

- (i) Monitoring the NSFR closely against an established internal early warning trigger and management target.
- (ii) Managing and developing strategies to build a diversified funding base with access to funding sources across retail and wholesale channels.

Analysis and main drivers:

Al Salam Bank strategy is to maintain stable and well-diversified funding sources by focusing on raising more stable free float and long-term deposits from core customer base in Bahrain and across other key GCC markets where strong banking relationships have been successfully established. The main driver of this strategy is to fund bank's core business activities with the widest deposit base and hence maintaining comfortable funding mix for the long-term assets and subsequently healthy NSFR.

The Assets and Labilities Committee (ALCO) regularly reviews the different liquidity indicators -including the NSFR- and set appropriate action plans in maintaining adequate, sustainable and healthy liquidity position. ALCO review takes global economic indicators as well as local micro economic factors into consideration. Hence effective liquidity management is set into practice steered by treasury and risk department and collaborated with other key business units.

As at 30 September 2022, the weighted value of the Available Stable Funding (ASF) stood at BD 2.320 billion, while the total weighted value of the Required Stable Funding (RSF) stood at BD 2.135 billion. The resultant NSFR stood at 108.68%, well above the current 100% threshold stipulated by CBB. The ASF is primarily driven by a strong capital base, substantial retail and private banking deposit base and deposits from non-financial corporate customers.

Post application of the relevant factors, the contribution of regulatory capital, retail deposits and deposits from non-financial corporates stood at 13%, 64% and 12% respectively. The bank does not rely on financial market funding sources and interbank funding activities are primarily used for short term funding gaps.

The RSF post application of relevant factors is driven by financing provided to non-financial corporate customers, retail and small business customers, and some unlisted investments.

ASB's High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) requires minimum funding due to its sovereign nature and high liquidity which, after applying the relevant factors, makes up 2% of the RSF portfolio. Performing financing and Investment exposures accounts for 68% and 20% of the RSF.

At ASB, there is considerable focus on growing and maintaining stability of demand and term deposits provided by private, corporate and retail customers which will continue to form a significant part of the funding.

AL SALAM BANK B.S.C. Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) Report - Consolidated 30 September 2022

						BHD '000	
		Unweighted Values (before applying relevant factors)					
No.	ltem	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value	
Avail	able Stable Funding (ASF):						
1	Capital:						
2	Regulatory Capital	268,752	-	-	37,644	306,395	
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	1	-	
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:						
5	Stable deposits	-	317,549	22,393	14,398	337,343	
6	Less stable deposits	-	876,468	317,466	131,258	1,205,799	
7	Wholesale funding:						
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	1	-	
9	Other wholesale funding	-	1,400,300	178,162	73,901	470,891	
10	Other liabilities:						
11	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities		-	-	-		
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	62,289	-	-	-	
13	Total ASF					2,320,428	
Requ	ired Stable Funding (RSF):						
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					32,739	
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	
16	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:						
17	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA						
18	and unsecured performing financing to financial institutions	-	191,863	1,491	8,094	37,619	
19	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	343,933	142,656	1,239,375	1,272.611	
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the Capital Adequacy						
20	Ratio guidelines	-	_	-	120,763	78,496	
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	214,735	139,578	
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital						
22	Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	-	-	214,735	139,578	
	Securities/ sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA,						
	including exchange-traded equities	-	11,838	661	10,804	15,433	
	Other assets:						
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	
	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts and						
	contributions to default funds of CCPs			-	-	-	
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets			-	-	-	
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of						
	variation margin posted	F 40 00-	-	-	-	-	
	All other assets not included in the above categories	543,803	14,010	-	73,492	624,300	
	OBS items		257,363	-	-	12,868	
	Total RSF		-	-	-	2,135,147	
32	NSFR (%)					108.68%	

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Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) Report - Consolidated 30 September 2022

CBB issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management in August 2018. The regulations mandate that banks are required to maintain LCR of at least 100% on a daily basis. The objective of LCR is banks must manage their assets and liabilities to create strong short-term resilience and sufficient liquidity that is enough to fund cash outflow for 30 days.

Below is the bank's average consolidated LCR for the period:

	Q3-2	2022	Q2-2022		
	Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)	Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)	
High-quality liquid assets	(270.230)	(aronago)	(arolago)	(410.490)	
1 Total HQLA		616,856		593,813	
Cash outflows					
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:					
3 Stable deposits	89,646	2,689	76,923	2,308	
4 Less stable deposits	602,940	60,294	343,369	34,337	
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:					
6 Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	-	-	-	-	
7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	786,421	460,845	895,861	514,623	
8 Unsecured sukuk	-	-	-	-	
9 Secured wholesale funding		-		-	
10 Additional requirements, of which:					
11 Outflows related to Shari'a-compliant hedging instruments exposures and other collateral					
requirements	-	-	-	-	
12 Outflows related to loss of funding on financing products	-	-	-	-	
13 Credit and liquidity facilities	74,301	20,584	56,547	16,854	
14 Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-	
15 Other contingent funding obligations	184,958	9,352	159,533	7,990	
16 Total Cash Outflows		553,764		576,112	
Cash inflows					
17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-	-	-	
18 Inflows from fully performing exposures	73,339	37,302	74,092	47,015	
19 Other cash inflows	247,848	247,431	296,332	291,287	
20 Total Cash Inflows	321,187	284,733	370,424	338,302	
		Total adjusted Value		Total adjusted Value	
21 Total HQLA		616,856		593,813	
22 Total net cash outflows		269,031		237,827	
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)*		233.24%		269.98%	

^{*}Represents simple average of daily LCR

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Leverage Ratio - Consolidated 30 September 2022

CBB in June 2018 issued guidelines on leverage ratio as part of updates to the Capital Adequacy Module. The ratio measures how well the banks' Tier 1 capital covers its total exposures (self-financed exposures and adjusted exposures funded by EOIA) both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet. CBB has mandated a minimum consolidated leverage ratio of 3%.

Below is the bank's consolidated financial leverage ratio as at 30 September 2022:

S.No.	Description	BHD '000
1	Total Self Financed Assets	1,341,649
2	Total URIA Financed Assets	2,346,599
3	Off Balance Sheet items - with relevant Credit Conversion Factors	132,423
4	4 Leverage ratio exposure [(1) + (2)*30% + (3)]	
5	Regulatory Adjustments	25,971
6	Total exposures for the calculation of the leverage ratio [(4)-(5)]	2,152,081
7	Tier 1 Capital	242,781
	Leverage Ratio [(7)/(6)]	11.28%
	Minimum Leverage Ratio as required by CBB	3%