### Al Salam Bank B.S.C.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**30 June 2023** 

## Al Salam Bank B.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### **Table of contents**

Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information			
Condensed consolidated statement of financial position	2		
Condensed consolidated income statement	3		
Condensed consolidated statement of changes in owners equity	4		
Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows	5		
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information	6-23		



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# Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information

**To the Board of Directors of** Al Salam Bank B.S.C. Kingdom of Bahrain

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2023 condensed consolidated interim financial information of Al Salam Bank B.S.C. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023;
- the condensed consolidated income statement for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2023;
- the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023;
- · the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with FAS 41, "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing standards for Islamic Financial Institutions and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 June 2023 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with FAS 41, "Interim Financial Reporting".

10 August 2023

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# Al Salam Bank B.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2023

As at 30 June 2023			
		30 June	31 December
		2023	2022
		(Reviewed)	(Audited)
	Note	BD '000	BD '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks and central bank		572,912	367,747
Placements with financial institutions	2	178,262	113,096
Investment in sukuk	3	932,591	837,381
Financing assets	4	2,559,021	1,986,465
Non trading investments	6	110,654	106,796
Takaful and related assets Investment in real estate	0	53,309 75,925	51,690 62,462
Investment in associates	7	221,406	254,006
Other assets		91,184	67,720
Goodwill and other intangible assets	_	75,547	51,998
TOTAL ASSETS		4,870,811	3,899,361
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS,	-		
OWNERS' EQUITY AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST			
LIABILITIES			
Placements from financial institutions and customers		175,457	187,724
Customers' current accounts		960,976	550,281
Murabaha term financing		418,317	320,989
Takaful and related liabilities	6	92,225	91,741
Other liabilities	-	105,896	78,798
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	1,752,871	1,229,533
EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS			
Wakala from financial institutions	8	310,231	319,339
Wakala and mudaraba from customers	8 _	2,423,631	2,013,134
TOTAL EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS	-	2,733,862	2,332,473
OWNERS' EQUITY			
Share capital		261,692	249,231
Treasury shares		(9,878)	(12,021)
Share premium		209	209
Retained earnings		27,400	31,691
Reserves Total owners' equity	-	38,422 317,845	34,141
Non-controlling interest	-	66,233	34,104
TOTAL EOUITY	-	384,078	337,355
TOTAL EQUIT		304,078	337,333
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS OWNERS' EQUITY AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST		4,870,811	3,899,361

H.E. Shaikh Khalid bin Mustahil Al Mashani

Chairman

Matar Mohamed Al Blooshi

Deputy Chairman

Rafik Nayed

Group Chief Executive Officer

# Al Salam Bank B.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT For the six months period ended 30 June 2023

	Three months ended	Three months ended	Six months ended	Six months ended
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
Not	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
INCOME				
Finance income	44,510	19,411	77,030	37,428
Income from sukuk	11,652	8,163	22,417	15,255
Income from non-trading investments, net	7,966	=	7,948	(1,480)
Fees and commission, net	4,615	2,324	6,816	4,118
Share of profit from associates, net Income from Takaful operations net	5,175	447	11,632	895
medite from Takatui operations, net	2,400	(76)	3,797	666
Other income	831	(76)	1,407	
Total income	77,149	30,269	131,047	56,882
Finance expense on placements from financial institutions	(3,011)	(614) (687)	(5,397)	(1,406)
Finance expense on murabaha term financing	(5,647)	(087)	(10,112)	(1,158)
Return on equity of investment accountholders				
before Group's share as a mudarib and wakil	(46,995)	(18,673)	(81,294)	(35,294)
Group's share as a mudarib and wakil	22,009	9,640	35,948	17,141
Share of profit of investment accountholders	(24,986)	(9,033)	(45,346)	(18,153)
Net operating income	43,505	19,935	70,192	36,165
EXPENSES				
Staff cost	8,702	5,077	15,307	9,434
Premises cost	861	419	1,559	809
Depreciation and amortization	1,170	319	1,820	645
Other operating expenses	7,764	3,237	13,258	5,688
Total expenses	18,497	9,052	31,944	16,576
PROFIT BEFORE IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCES	25,008	10,883	38,248	19,589
Net impairment charge on financial assets and investments 5	(12,847)	(3,879)	(15,199)	(6,069)
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX	12,161	7,004	23,049	13,520
Tax for the period	(1,181)		(1,181)	
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	10,980	7,004	21,868	13,520
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	).		***************************************	
- Shareholders of the bank	10,279	7,007	20,554	13,519
- Non-controlling interest	701	(3)	1,314	1
	10,980	7,004	21,868	13,520
Basic and diluted earnings per share (fils)	4.0	2.8	8.0	5.5

H.E. Shaikh Khalid bin Mustahil Al Mashani Chairman

Matar Mohamed Al Blooshi Deputy Chairman

Rafik Naved Group Chief Executive Officer

The attached notes 1 to 19 form part of the condensed consolidated interm financial information.

### Al Salam Bank B.S.C.

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS EQUITY

For the six months period ended 30 June 2023 (Reviewed)

BD '000

Attributable to shareholders of the bank									PD 000				
_				_			Res	erves		_			
	Share capital	Treasury stock	Share premium	Retained earnings	Statutory reserve	Share grant scheme	Investment fair value reserve	Real estate fair value reserve	Foreign exchange translation reserve	Total reserves	Total owners' equity	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2023	249,231	(12,021)	209	31,691	21,759	1,934	(8,643)	22,799	(3,708)	34,141	303,251	34,104	337,355
Profit for the period	-	-	-	20,554	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,554	1,314	21,868
Movement in fair value, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	(322)	-	-	(322)	(322)	-	(322)
Movement in share of reserve of investment							2 20 4			2 20 4	2 20 4		2 20 4
in associate  Movement in FX translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,384	-	3,123	2,384 3,123	2,384 3,123	-	2,384 3,123
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	20.554	•	-	2.062	-				1 214	
	•	-	-	20,554	-	-	2,062	-	3,123	5,185	25,739	1,314	27,053
Bonus shares issued	12,461	-	-	(12,461)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.250)	-	(10.050)
Cash dividend for the year 2022	-	2,143	-	(12,359) (25)	-	(303)	-	-	-	(303)	(12,359) 1,815	-	(12,359) 1,815
Shares allocated to staff during the period Movements in non-controlling interest	-	2,143	-	(23)	-	(303)	-	•	(601)	(601)	(601)	30,815	30,214
Balance at 30 June 2023	261,692	(9,878)	209	27,400	21,759	1,631	(6,581)	22,799	(1,186)	38,422	317,845	66,233	384,078
Balance at 30 June 2023	201,092	(3,070)	207	27,400	21,739	1,031	(0,361)		(1,100)	30,422	317,043		
Balance at 1 January 2022	241,972	(12,473)	209	19,531	18,600	-	9,532	22,865	(3,985)	47,012	296,251	508	296,759
Profit for the period	-	-	-	13,519	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,519	1	13,520
Movement in fair value, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,611)	(57)	-	(7,668)	(7,668)	-	(7,668)
Reclassified to amortized cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,612)	-	-	(4,612)	(4,612)	-	(4,612)
Movement in FX translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(591)	(591)	(591)	<del>-</del>	(591)
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	13,519	-	-	(12,223)	(57)	(591)	(12,871)	648	1	649
Bonus shares issued	7,259	-	-	(7,259)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend for the year 2021	-	-	-	(9,121)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,121)	-	(9,121)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	456	-	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	562	-	562
Movements in non-controlling interest		-				-			-	-	-	229	229
Balance at 30 June 2022	249,231	(12,017)	209	16,776	18,600	-	(2,691)	22,808	(4,576)	34,141	288,340	738	289,078

The attached notes 1 to 19 form part of the condensed consolidated interm financial information.

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the six months period ended 30 June 2023 30 June 30 June 2023 2022 (Reviewed) (Reviewed) BD '000 BD '000 OPERATING ACTIVITIES 21,868 13,520 Net profit for the year Adjustments: Tax for the period 1,181 Depreciation and amortisation of intangible 1,820 645 Amortisation of premium on sukuk - net 234 874 Loss from non-trading investments 366 1,710 Net impairment charge 15,199 6,069 Share of profits from associates (11,632)(895)Operating income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 21,923 29,036 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Mandatory reserve with central bank (1,786)(567)Financing assets (586,044)(163,007)Takaful and related assets (1,619)229 Other assets (4,546)(2,318)Placements from financial institutions and customers (12,267) (5,702)Customers' current accounts 410,695 37,791 Takaful liabilities 484 Other liabilities (270,309)(477)Equity of investment accountholders 401,389 72,075 Net cash (used in) operating activities (34,967) (40,053) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of sukuk,net (95,122)(93,090)297,407 Cash acquired as part of business combination 10,479 Disposal of non-trading investments and real estate **78** 15,754 Dividends received from associates Purchase of premises and equipment (976)(2,196)Net cash from / (used in) investing activities 217,141 (84,807) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Drawdown of murabaha term financing 103,405 56,552 Dividends paid (12,359)(9,121)Purchase of treasury shares 562 91,046 47,993 Net cash from financing activities NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 273,220 (76,867)Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 383,532 395,947 319,080 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 June 656,752 Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:\* Cash and other balances with central bank 96,935 89,954 Balances with other banks \*\* 381,541 116,160 Placements with financial institutions with original maturities of less than 90 days 178,276 112,966 656,752 319,080

The attached notes 1 to 19 form part of the condensed consolidated interm financial information.

<sup>\*</sup> Cash and cash equivalents is gross of the expected credit loss of BD 119 thousand (2022: BD 79 thousand).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Balances with other banks is net of restricted cash of BD 2,300 thousand which is not available for day to day operations (2022: BD 7,574 thousand).

As at 30 June 2023

#### REPORTING ENTITY

Al Salam Bank Algeria \*

Al Salam Bank B.S.C. ("the Bank") was incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain under the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law No. 21/2001 and registered with Ministry of Industry and Commerce("MOIC") under Commercial Registration number 59308 on 19 January 2006. The Bank is regulated and supervised by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("the CBB") and has an Islamic retail banking license and operates under Islamic principles in accordance with all relevant regulatory guidelines for Islamic banks issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB").

The Bank's registered office is at Building 935, Road 1015, Block 410, Sanabis, Kingdom of Bahrain. The Bank's ordinary shares are listed in Bahrain Bourse and Dubai Financial Market.

The principal subsidiaries as follows: Effective holding % Name of entity Country of incorporation Principal activities 2023 2022 Al Salam Bank- Seychelles Seychelles Provide Banking services 70.00% 70.00% Solidarity Group Holding BSC (c) Bahrain Holding Company 55.91% 55.91%

Algeria

The Bank and its principal banking subsidiary operates through 16 branches (2022: 23 branches) in the Kingdom of Bahrain and 1 branch (2022: 1 branch) in Seychelles and offer a full range of Shari'a-compliant banking services and products. The activities of the Bank includes managing profit sharing investment accounts, offering Islamic financing contracts, dealing in Shari'a-compliant financial contracts as principal / agent, managing Shari'a-compliant financial contracts and other activities permitted for under the CBB's Regulated Islamic Banking Services as defined in the licensing framework.

Provide Banking services

68.03%

\*During the period, the Group has increased its legal shareholding in Al Salam Bank Algeria (ASBA) to 53.13%, thereby establishing control. Furthermore, the Group has firm commitments at agreed pricing terms from other selling shareholders to increase its shareholding by another 14.90%, which is currently under a regulatory approval process. Accordingly, the Bank has present access to 68.03% of the interest in ASBA. The Group has applied the anticipated acquisition method and consolidated the results and financial position of ASBA from 1 April 2023 (refer

These condensed consolidated interim financial information have been authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 10 August 2023.

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard FAS 41, Interim Financial Reporting ("FAS 41") issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation of Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI").

The condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group does not contain all information and disclosures required for the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 2.1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Group in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information are the same as those used in the preparation of the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022.

A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

#### (i) FAS 39 Financial Reporting for Zakah

AAOIFI has issued FAS 39 Financial Reporting for Zakah in 2021. The objective of this standard is to establish principles of financial reporting related to Zakah attributable to different stakeholders of an Islamic financial Institution. This standard supersedes FAS 9 Zakah and is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

This standard shall apply to institution with regard to the recognition, presentation and disclosure of Zakah attributable to relevant stakeholders. While computation of Zakah shall be applicable individually to each institution within the Group, this standard shall be applicable on all consolidated and separate / standalone financial statements of an institution.

This standard does not prescribe the method for determining the Zakah base and measuring Zakah due for a period. An institution shall refer to relevant authoritative guidance for determination of Zakah base and to measure Zakah due for the period. (for example: AAOIFI Shari'a standard 35 Zakah, regulatory requirements or guidance from Shari'a supervisory board, as applicable),

An institution obliged to pay Zakah by law or by virtue of its constitution documents shall recognise current Zakah due for the period as an expense in its financial statements. Where Zakah is not required to be paid by law or by virtue of its constitution documents, and where the institution is considered as an agent to pay Zakah on behalf of certain stakeholders, any amount paid in respect of Zakah shall be adjusted with the equity of the relevant stakeholders.

The Group has adopted this standard and will provide the necessary additional disclosures in its annual financial statements.

As at 30 June 2023

#### 2.1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTNG POLICIES (continued)

#### (ii) FAS 41 Interim financial reporting

This standard prescribes the principles for the preparation of condensed interim financial information and the relevant presentation and disclosure requirements, emphasizing the minimum disclosures specific to Islamic financial institutions in line with various financial accounting standards issued by AAOIFI. This standard is also applicable to the institutions which prepare a complete set of financial statements at interim reporting dates in line with the respective FAS's.

This standard is effective for financial statements for the period beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The Group has adopted this standard for the basis of preparation of its condenced consolidated interim financial information. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the Group's interim financial information.

#### B. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued but not yet effective.

#### (i) FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements

AAOIFI has issued the revised FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements in 2021. This standard describes and improves the overall presentation and disclosure requirements prescribed in line with the global best practices and supersedes the earlier FAS 1. It is applicable to all the Islamic Financial Institutions and other institutions following AAOIFI FAS's. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with an option to early adopt.

The revision of FAS 1 is in line with the modifications made to the AAOIFI conceptual framework for financial reporting.

Some of the significant revisions to the standard are as follows:

- a) Revised conceptual framework is now integral part of the AAOIFI FAS's;
- b) Definition of Quassi equity is introduced;
- c) Definitions have been modified and improved;
- d) Concept of comprehensive income has been introduced;
- e) Institutions other than Banking institutions are allowed to classify assets and liabilities as current and non-current;
- f) Disclosure of Zakah and Charity have been relocated to the notes;
- g) True and fair override has been introduced;
- h) Treatment for change in accounting policies, change in estimates and correction of errors has been introduced;
- i) Disclosures of related parties, subsequent events and going concern have been improved;
- j) Improvement in reporting for foreign currency, segment reporting;
- k) Presentation and disclosure requirements have been divided into three parts. First part is applicable to all institutions, second part is applicable only to banks and similar IFI's and third part prescribes the authoritative status, effective date an amendments to other AAOIFI FAS's; and
- 1) The illustrative financial statements are not part of this standard and will be issued separately.

The Group is assessing the impact of adoption of this standard and expects changes in certain presentation and disclosures in its consolidated financial statement in line with the wider market practice.

#### (ii) FAS 40 Financial Reporting for Islamic Financing Windows

This standard requires conventional financial institutions offering Islamic financial services through an Islamic financing window to prepare and present the financial statements of Islamic finance window in line with the requirements of this standard, read with other AAOIFI FAS's. This standard provides principles of financial reporting including the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to Islamic finance windows.

#### (iii) FAS 42 Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions

This standard sets out the principles for the presentation and disclosure in the financial statements of Takaful Institutions and prescribes the set of financial statements that the institutions should periodically publish to satisfy the common information needs of users of financial statements. Further this standard also establishes the general principles of presentation of information and adequately reflecting the rights and obligations of different stakeholders within the Takaful business model. This standard should be read in conjunction with FAS 43 – Accounting for Takaful Recognition and Measurement.

This standard supersedes the existing FAS 12 General presentation and disclosures in the financial statements of Islamic Takaful Companies and introduces following key changes:

- a) the standard is aligned with the AAOIFI Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Revised 2020) and FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements;
- b) the presentation and disclosure in the standard have been amended to be aligned with the Sharia principles and rules relating to Takaful, whereby the Takaful operator is distinct from the participants' funds (including participants' Takaful fund (PTF) and participants' investment fund (PIF));

As at 30 June 2023

#### 2.1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTNG POLICIES (continued)

#### (iii) FAS 42 Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions (continued)

- c) the PTF and PIF are considered to be off-balance sheet assets under management, therefore, separate from the Takaful Operator;
- d) statements for the managed PTF and managed PIF have been introduced, including separate statements for financial position and financial activities of the managed PTF;
- e) disclosures of Zakah, Charity and Qard funds have been relocated to the notes to the financial statements in line with FAS 1; and
- f) new definitions of Takaful, Takaful institution, Takaful operator, PIF and PTF have been introduced.

This standard is applicable to all Takaful institutions regardless of their legal form or size, including Takaful window operations and is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with an option to early adopt.

Based on management assessment for the takaful portfolio of the takaful subsidiary, this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### (iv) FAS 43 Accounting for Takaful Recognition and Measurement

This standard supersedes the following FAS; FAS 13 – Disclosure of Bases for Determining and Allocation Surplus or Deficit in Islamic Takaful Companies; FAS 15 – Provisions and Reserves in Islamic Takaful Companies and FAS 19 – Contributions in Islamic Takaful Companies introduces following key changes:

- a) the standard is aligned with the AAOIFI Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Revised 2020) and FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements;
- b) the principal accounting treatments in respect of Takaful arrangements have been aligned with the globally generally accepted accounting principles and newer regulatory requirements (where applicable);
- c) new accounting treatments have been introduced in respect of matters which were not addressed or superseded standards or were not in line with the global best practices, particularly with regard to the accounting for provisions (or liability, as appropriate) for Takaful arrangements and accounting treatment and presentation for the investment component;
- d) accounting treatments mapped in the standard are mapped to the Sharia principles and rules relating to Takaful, including the rights and obligations of respective stakeholders of Takaful arrangements;
- e) new definitions for the accounting terms in respect of the newly introduced accounting treatments, as well as, improved definitions for earlier used terms, have been incorporated; and
- f) accounting treatments respect to ancillary transactions have been introduced, particularly the transactions and balances between various stakeholders of Takaful institutions, eg. Accounting for Wakala fees an Qard Hassan.

Under the transitional provisions of this standard, following approaches are prescribed upon first time adoption:

- 1) A full retrospective approach whereby the effects of transition shall be incorporated from the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements; however, the disclosure of the effect of such adoption in each line item and to the basic and diluted earnings per share shall not be mandatory; or
- 2) A modified retrospective approach whereby effects of transition shall be taken to retained earnings, as well as accumulated surplus or deficit in the respective Takaful funds at the beginning of the current financial period; or
- 3) A fair value option whereby the Takaful residual margin or loss component of the provision for the remaining entitlement period, at the transition date (beginning of the current period) shall be determined as the difference between fair value of Takaful arrangements at that date and the fair value of the fulfilment cashflows measured at that date, and the corresponding effects shall be adjusted in the retained earnings of Takaful institution, as well as accumulated surplus or deficit in the respective Takaful funds.

This standard shall apply to Takaful institutions (including in their capacity of being Takaful operators) and their managed participants' Takaful fund (PTF) and managed participants investment funds (PIF) in respect of the following, a) Takaful arrangements, including re-Takaful arrangements issued; b) re-Takaful arrangements held; c) investment contracts with or without discretionary features that are issued along with, and part of, the Takaful arrangements; and d) ancillary transactions related to Takaful operations. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with an option to early adopt.

Based on management assessment for the Takaful portfolio of the Takaful subsidiary, this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### 2.2 SHARE CAPITAL

The shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 20 March 2023 approved to issue 124,615,721 bonus shares of BD 12,462 thousand representing 5% of issued share capital and approved a cash dividends of BD 12,359 thousand (2022: BD 7,259 thousand) being 5 fils per share or 5% of the par value of BD 0.100 per share excluding treasury shares. The total outstanding shares as of 30 June 2023 were 2,616,930,150 shares (December 2022: 2,492,314,429 shares). The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for previous period has also been adjusted to reflect the impact of bonus shares.

#### 3 INVESTMENT IN SUKUK

	30 June 2023		
	Sovereign	Corporate	
	Sukuk	Sukuk	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Carried at FVTE			
At 1 January 2023	210,846	15,772	226,618
Purchases	163,393	10,090	173,483
Sale / redemption	(48,580)	(1,804)	(50,384)
Fair value movement	22	(344)	(322)
Profit accrual / Dividend	509	68	577
Closing balance	326,190	23,782	349,972

This includes sukuk with carrying value of BD 139,843 thousand (2022: BD 76,360 thousand) which are pledged against murabaha term financing.

		30 June 2023		
	Sovereign	Corporate	<u> </u>	
	Sukuk	Sukuk	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Carried at Amortised cost				
At 1 January 2023	587,008	23,756	610,764	
Reclassification	-	(5,901)	(5,901)	
Purchases	62,107	15,718	77,825	
Redemptions/ sale	(91,521)	(9,484)	(101,005)	
Impairment / reversal	(286)	60	(226)	
Amortisation	(25)	9	(16)	
Profit accrual / Dividend	1,057	121	1,178	
Closing balance	558,340	24,279	582,619	
	884,530	48,061	932,591	

This includes sukuk with carrying value of BD 282,469 thousand (2022: 332,242 thousand) which are pledged against murabaha term financing. Sukuk with carrying value of BD 19,044 thousand (2022: BD 16,182 thousand) treated as equity sukuk.

Breakup of Sukuk by type	2023	2022
	BD '000	BD '000
Sovereign Sukuk	884,530	797,177
Corporate Sukuk	48,061	40,204
Closing balance	932,591	837,381
Breakup of Sukuk by rating		

Dicakup of Bukuk by Tating				
			2023	2022
			BD '000	BD '000
Investment grade (AAA - BBB+)	<b></b>		17,583	22,712
High Yielding (Below BBB-)			7,248	840
Un-rated Sukuk			23,293	16,759
Allowance for credit losses			(63)	(107)
		•	48.061	40.204

#### 4 FINANCING ASSETS

	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)				
	·	Stage 2:	Stage 3:		
		Lifetime	Lifetime		
	Stage 1: 12-	ECL not	ECL credit-		
	month ECL	credit-	impaired	POCI	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Finance lease assets	800,419	31,450	16,653	6,506	855,028
Murabaha financing	698,517	19,101	36,224	4,384	758,226
Mudaraba financing	595,588	33,187	8,644	61	637,480
Musharaka financing	32,415	-	276	-	32,691
Credit cards	13,467	328	1,264	-	15,059
Salam	276,071	3,160	-	1,362	280,593
Istisnaa	40,636	4,727	-	249	45,612
Total financing assets	2,457,113	91,953	63,061	12,562	2,624,689
Allowance for credit losses	(20,875)	(8,937)	(34,113)	(435)	(64,360)
Foreign currency translation	(1,308)				(1,308)
	2,434,930	83,016	28,948	12,127	2,559,021

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at  $30\ \mathrm{June}\ 2023$ 

#### 4 FINANCING ASSETS (continued)

	31 December 2022 (Audited)					
		Stage 2:		-		
		Lifetime	Stage 3:			
		ECL not	Lifetime			
	Stage 1: 12-	credit-	ECL credit-			
	month ECL	impaired	impaired	POCI	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Finance lease assets	703,638	42,296	10,843	4,151	760,928	
Murabaha financing	629,700	35,664	18,708	5,774	689,846	
Mudaraba financing	507,456	23,699	8,555	-	539,710	
Musharaka financing	14,725	14,921	276	-	29,922	
Credit cards	13,075	456	1,464		14,995	
Total financing assets	1,868,594	117,036	39,846	9,925	2,035,401	
Allowance for credit losses	(17,309)	(12,290)	(19,337)		(48,936)	
	1,851,285	104,746	20,509	9,925	1,986,465	
The balance of allowance for credit loss in the below table for financing assets						
		30 Ju	ne 2023 (Revio	ewed)		
		Lifetime	Stage 3:			
		ECL not	Lifetime			
	Stage 1: 12-	credit-	ECL credit-			
	month ECL	impaired	impaired	POCI	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Balance at the beginning of the period	17,309	12,290	19,337	-	48,936	
Changes due to receivables recognised						
in opening balance that have:						
Movement between stages, net	(1,236)	(1,606)	2,842		_	
Movement of loss allowance, net	4,802	(1,747)	11,919	(1,497)	13,477	
Exchange adjustments and other transfers on settlement	-,		15	1,932	1,947	
Balance at the end of the period	20,875	8,937	34,113	435	64,360	
		31 December 2022 (Audited)				
			Stage 2:			
			Lifetime	Stage 3:		
			ECL not	Lifetime		
		Stage 1: 12-	credit-	ECL credit-		
		month ECL	impaired	impaired	Total	
		BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Balance at the beginning of the period		15,028	7,279	13,907	36,214	
Changes due to receivables recognised						
in opening balance that have:						
Movement between stages, net		(1,499)	1,067	432	-	
Net movement of loss allowance, net		5,196	3,944	4,849	13,989	
Exchange adjustments and other transfers on settlement		(1,416)	-	(2)	(1,418)	
Amounts written off during the period		17.200	10.000	151	151	
Balance at the end of the period		17,309	12,290	19,337	48,936	

The accumulated depreciation on finance lease assets as of 30 June 2023 amounted to BD 30,478 thousand (2022: BD 70,236 thousand).

The POCI assets are currently carried at 26.4% compared to their original contractual outstanding amounts. On a cumulative basis, the impaired assets (Stage 3 and POCI) have an effective loss coverage of 62.9% compared to their original contractual outstanding amounts.

Murabaha financing is reported net of deferred profits of BD 22,317 thousand (2022: BD 71,281 thousand).

Al Salam Bank B.S.C.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at 30 June 2023

#### 5 MOVEMENT IN NET ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES / IMPAIRMENT

The balance of allowance for credit loss in the below table includes all financial assets and off-balance sheet exposures in addition to financing assets.

	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)					
	Stage 1: 12- month ECL	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit- impaired	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit- impaired	POCI	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Balance at the beginning of the period Changes due to receivables recognised in opening balance that have:	18,257	12,327	27,150	-	57,734	
<ul> <li>transferred to Stage 1: 12 month ECL</li> <li>transferred to Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired</li> </ul>	343 (1,557)	(242) 2,127	(101) (570)	-	-	
- transferred to Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	(290)	(3,431)	3,721	- (1.405)	-	
Net movement of loss allowance	5,378	(1,625)		(1,497)	13,949	
Recoveries / write-backs Allowance for credit losses	3,874	(3,171)	(461) 14,282	(1,497)	(461) 13,488	
Exchange adjustments and other transfers	(2)	(3)	(80)	1,932	1,847	
Balance at the end of the period	22,129	9,153	41,352	435	73,069	
Diamete in the chief of the period		,			70,005	
			ne 2023 (Revie	wed)		
		Stage 2: Lifetime	Stage 2.			
		ECL not	Stage 3: Lifetime			
	Stage 1: 12-	credit-	ECL credit-			
	month ECL	impaired	impaired	POCI	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Cash and balances with banks and central bank	44	62	_	-	106	
Placements with financial institutions	11	2	-	-	13	
Sovereign sukuk	517	2	-	-	519	
Corporate sukuk	21	42	-	-	63	
Financing assets  Loans and advances to customers	20,875	8,937	34,113	435	64,360	
- Assets under conversion	566	-	5,029	-	5,595	
- Other receivables	-	-	2,182	-	2,182	
Financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts	95	108	28	-	231	
	22,129	9,153	41,352	435	73,069	
				30 June	30 June	
				2023	2022	
			-	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	
Cash and balances with banks and central bank				(26)	4 2	
Placements with financial institutions Sukuk				(70) 336	382	
Financing assets				13,477	3,015	
Other Assets				12	334	
Financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts			-	13,488	3,893	
			=	13,400	3,893	
Net impairment charge on financial assets and investment for the period				30-Jun	30-Jun	
			<u>-</u>	2023	2022	
				BD '000	BD '000	
Net impairment charge on investments			-	1,711	2,176	
			-	1,711	2,176	
Net impairment charge on financial assets				5,919	3,893	
Day 1 ECL on, financing assets acquired (Note 18)			-	7,569		
			-	13,488	3,893	
			=	15,199	6,069	

Al Salam Bank B.S.C.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at 30 June 2023

#### 5 MOVEMENT IN NET ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES / IMPAIRMENT (continued)

The balance of allowance for credit loss in the below table includes all financial assets and off-balance sheet exposures in addition to financing assets.

	30 June 2022 (Reviewed)				
		Stage 2:	Stage 3:	,,,,,	-
		Lifetime	Lifetime		
	Stage 1: 12-	ECL not	ECL credit-		
	month ECL	credit-	impaired	POCI	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Balance at the beginning of the period	15,627	7,332	21,525	-	44,484
Changes due to receivables recognised	,	,,			,
in opening balance that have:					
- transferred to Stage 1: 12 month ECL	871	(871)	_	-	_
- transferred to Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	(78)	1,197	(1,119)	_	_
- transferred to Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	(45)	-,-,-	45	_	_
Net movement of loss allowance	1,874	397	1,702	_	3,973
Recoveries / write-backs		-	(80)	_	(80)
Allowance for credit losses	2,622	723	548		3,893
Exchange adjustments and other transfers	(1,416)	-	(2)	_	(1,418)
Amounts written off during the period	(1,110)	_	(352)	_	(352)
- 1					
Balance at the end of the period	16,833	8,055	21,719	-	46,607
		30 I	ıne 2022 (Revie	wad)	
		Stage 2:	ine 2022 (Revie	weu)	
		Lifetime	Stage 3:		
		ECL not	Lifetime		
	Stage 1: 12-	credit-	ECL credit-		
	month ECL	impaired	impaired	POCI	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
		<i>DD</i> 000	BD 000	BD 000	
Cash and balances with banks and central bank	77	-	-	-	77
Placements with financial institutions	2	-	-	-	2
Sovereign sukuk	400	-	-	-	400
Corporate sukuk	142	-	-	-	142
Financing assets	15,666	8,055	13,722	-	37,443
Loans and advances to customers					
- Assets under conversion	5	-	5,535	-	5,540
- Other receivables	42	-	2,182	-	2,224
Financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts	499	-	280		779
	16,833	8,055	21,719	-	46,607
6 TAKAFUL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
					31 December
				2023	2022
			. <u>-</u>	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
				BD '000	BD '000
Retakaful share of outstanding claims				8,101	6,837
Retakaful share of unearned contribution				16,957	16,275
Takaful and other receivables				28,251	28,578
Takaful assets			-	53,309	51,690
			=		
Outstanding claims				23,917	23,600
Unearned contributions and other reserves				40,218	39,614
Unearned commission				720	636
Takaful and other payable				27,370	27,891
Takaful liabilities			-	92,225	91,741

As at 30 June 2023

#### 7 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES, NET

The Group has a 20.94% (2022: 20.94%) stake in Gulf African Bank ("GAB"), an Islamic commercial bank incorporated as the first Islamic bank in Kenya in August 2006, licensed by the Central Bank of Kenya.

During 2022, as part of its acquisition of the retail business of Ithmaar Holding, the Group acquired economic interests in a sharia compliant financing arrangement provided to FINCORP W.L.L (formerly Al Salam International W.L.L. ("ASI")), who is the holder of 26.19% stake in Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait B.S.C. ("BBK"), a retail bank incorporated in Bahrain and licensed by the Central Bank of Bahrain. FINCORP W.L.L's investment in BBK forms part of a security package assigned to the Bank under a shariah compliant financing structure. The Bank or its investment accountholders do not directly participate in the underlying business activities of FINCORP W.L.L and are not legal owners of its underlying assets. The returns generated by the Bank are to the extent of the profit and the respective repayment, if any, generated from the sharia compliant financing arrangement only. As per the requirements of the financial accounting standards, the effective economic interest of this arrangement is recognized in these financial statements.

	30 June	31 December
	2023	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
	BD '000	BD '000
Balance at the beginning of the period	254,006	14,533
Acquisitions during the period	-	217,820
Additional stake acquired during the period	-	19,897
Derecognition of associate due to step up acquisition (Note 18)	(33,765)	-
Share of profits	11,632	9,329
Share of other changes is equity	2,384	(7,412)
Dividends received from associates	(12,946)	-
Foreign exchange differences	95	(161)
Balance at end of the period	221,406	254,006

Following the summary of financial information of the Group's material investment in associates, which is adjusted for changes in accounting policies and fair value adjustments on acquisition.

Reconciliation of financial information to carrying value of Group's interest in BBK.

	Indirect
	exposure
	BBK
	BD '000
Group's holding	26.19%
Total assets	3,888,063
Total liabilities	3,308,300
Net assets (100%)	579,763
Group's share of recognised net assets	151,840
Acquisition accounting related adjustments	65,202
Carrying amount of interest in associate	217,042
Revenue	83,000
Profit (100%)	38,541
Other change in equity (comprehensive income)	9,103
Total comprehensive income (100%)	47,644
Group's share of profits	10,094
Groups share of other changes in equity	2,384

The market value of BBK stood at BD 221 million as at 30 June 2023. The values for disclosure purposes were determined using market value per share and were not adjusted for any holding of account related adjustments.

For other associates based on the summarized financial statements the Group's share of profit were BD 1,307 thousand (Q2 2022: 732 thousand), BD 211 thousand (Q2 2022: 163 thousand) and BD 20 thousand (Q2 2022: Nil), respectively.

#### 8 EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS (EIAH)

Equity of investment accountholders comprise:

30	June	31 December
	2023	2022
(Revie	ved)	(Audited)
BI	'000	BD '000
Wakala from financial institutions 31	,231	319,339
Wakala and mudaraba from customers 2,42	,631	2,013,134
2,73:	,862	2,332,473
The Group utilizes the funds from EIAH to finance assets.		<u></u>
Asset in which EIAH funds are invested:		
30	June	31 December
	2023	2022
(Revie	ved)	(Audited)
Asset	'000	BD '000
Mandatory reserve with central bank 9.	,432	92,507
Cash and other balances with central bank	,802	40,693
Placements with financial institutions 15.	,511	113,170
Investment in associate 21	,042	217,509
Financing assets	,075	1,868,594
2,73:	,862	2,332,473

Equity of investment accountholder's fund is commingled with Group's mudaraba and wakala funds to form one general mudaraba pool. The pooled fund are used to fund and invest in income generating assets, however no priority is granted to any party for the purpose of investments and distribution of profits.

The Group does not allocate non-performing assets to EIAH pool. All the impairment allowances are allocated to owners' equity. Recoveries from non-performing financial assets are also not allocated to IAH accountholders. Only the profits earned on pool of assets funded from IAH are allocated between the owners' equity and IAH. As per the policy of the Group, minimum of 15% of return on assets earned is distributed to investment accountholders and up to 85% is retained by the Group as mudarib share. During the period, the Bank has sacrificed portion of its share of mudarib, in order to maintain a competitive profit distribution to the EIAH. The Group did not charge any administration expenses to investment account holders. The average profit rate attributed to the equity of investment accountholders based on the above ratio for the period ended 30 June 2023 was 3.70% (2022: 2.29%).

#### 9 INCOME FROM TAKAFUL OPERATIONS, NET

	30 June	30 June
	2023	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
	BD '000	BD '000
Net contribution earned	20,749	-
Net commission earned	1,955	-
	22,704	-
Less: Net claims incurred	14,554	-
Less: General & Administrative Expenses – Takaful operations	4,353	-
Income from Takaful operations, net	3,797	-
10 INCOME FROM NON-TRADING INVESTMENTS		
	30 June	30 June
	2023	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
	BD '000	BD '000
Net loss on investments	(7,612)	(1,480)
Gain on bargain purchase (Note 18)	15,560	
	7,948	(1,480)
	·	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at 30 June  $2023\,$ 

#### 11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise major shareholders, directors of the Bank, senior management, close members of their families, entities owned or controlled by them and companies affiliated by virtue of common ownership with that of the Bank. The transactions with these parties were approved by the board of directors.

The balances with related parties at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 were as follows:

·	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)							
	Associates and joint ventures	Major shareholders	Directors and related entities	Senior management	Total			
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000			
Assets:								
Cash and balances with banks and central bank	_	107	_	_	107			
Financing assets	20,437	8,410	1,860	1,419	32,126			
Non trading investments	71.954	-	-	-,	71,954			
Investment in associates	221,406	-	-	-	221,406			
Other assets	1,717	44	-	21	1,782			
Liabilities and equity of					,			
investment accountholders:								
Placements from financial institutions	-	3,993	-	-	3,993			
Customers' current accounts	2,042	344	3,876	856	7,118			
Takaful liabilities	346	-	-	-	346			
Equity of investment accountholders	3,353	2,847	6,634	2,103	14,937			
Other liabilities Contingent liabilities and	18	-	73	324	415 151			
commitments	-	-	151	-	151			
		31 L	December 2022 (Audit	ed)				
	Associates and joint ventures	Major shareholders	Directors and related entities	Senior management	Total			
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000			
Assets:								
Cash and balances with banks and central bank		120			120			
Financing assets	19,279	8,371	2,079	1.681	31,410			
Non-trading investments	71,639	0,571	2,077	1,001	71,639			
Investment in associates	254,006	-	-	-	254,006			
Other assets	6,789	-	-	-	6,789			
Liabilities and equity of								
investment accountholders:								
Placements from financial institutions	<del>-</del>	1,240	-	-	1,240			
Customers' current accounts	2,907	2,208	3,466	865	9,446			
Equity of investment accountholders	300	4,913	7,119	2,917	15,249			
Other liabilities	19	-	27	12	58			
Contingent liabilities and								

The income and expenses in respect of related parties included in the condensed consolidated income statement are as follows:

	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)						
	Associates and joint ventures	Major shareholders	Directors and related entities	Senior management	Total		
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000		
Income:							
Finance income	664	322	64	28	1,078		
Takaful Revenue	1,521	-	-	-	1,521		
Income from non-trading investments, net	78	-	-	-	78		
Share of profit from associates	11,632	-	-	-	11,632		
Expenses:							
Finance expense on placements from							
financial institutions	-	78	-	-	78		
Profit on placements from customers	449	-	-	-	449		
Share of profits on equity of							
investment accountholders	40	124	136	38	338		
Other operating expenses	-	-	-	1,139	1,139		
Impairment Allowance	(1,522)	-	-	-	(1,522)		

As at 30 June 2023

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

	30 June 2022 (Reviewed)					
	Associates and joint ventures	Major shareholders	Directors and related entities	Senior management	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Income:						
Finance income	507	125	97	32	761	
Fees and commission	16	53	5	4	78	
Loss from properties, net	-	-	-	(12)	(12)	
Share of profit from associates	895	-	-	-	895	
Expenses:						
Finance expense on placements from						
financial institutions	-	65	-	-	65	
Share of profits on equity of						
investment accountholders	11	49	130	32	222	
Other operating expenses	-	-	667	-	667	
Impairment Allowance	(1,176)	-	(612)	-	(1,788)	
12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITM	IENTS					

	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
	BD '000	BD '000
Contingent liabilities on behalf of customers		
Guarantees	109,965	60,217
Letters of credit	153,291	12,611
Acceptances	2,161	1,254
	265,417	74,082
Unutilised commitments		
Unutilised financing commitments	326,835	196,652
Unutilised non-funded commitments	9,092	4,912
	335,927	201,564

Letters of credit, guarantees (including standby letters of credit) commit the Group to make payments on behalf of customers contingent upon their failure to perform under the terms of the contract.

Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates, or other termination clauses. Since commitments may expire without being utilized, the total contract amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

#### WA'AD BASED FX TRANSACTIONS FOR RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group entered into Wa'ad based FX transactions to manage its exposures to foreign currency risk. The fair values of FX Wa'ad instruments is as follows;

	30 June 2023	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)		022 (Audited)
	Notional Amount	Fair Value	Notional Amount	Fair Value
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
FX Wa'ad instruments				
Assets position	26,541	529	62,926	1,247
Liabilities position	35,563	460	14,509	440

The above contracts have residual maturity of up to six months as at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at  $30\ \mathrm{June}\ 2023$ 

#### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### Primary segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into the following primary business segments:

#### Banking

Principally managing Shari'a compliant profit sharing investment accounts, and offering Shari'a compliant financing contracts and other Shari'a-compliant products. This segment comprises corporate banking, retail banking, private banking and wealth management in Bahrain and through the Bank's subsidiary in Seychelles. Banking segment also includes the Group's investments in banking associates which are allocated as assets attributable to the jointly financed pool of investment accountholders. Other overseas associate investments form part of the investment segment.

#### Treasury

Principally handling Shari'a compliant money market, trading, fixed income products and treasury services including short-term commodity murabaha

#### Investments

Principally the Group's proprietary portfolio and asset management services to clients with a range of investment products, funds and alternative investments. These also include the Group's investment in certain associates and joint ventures.

#### Takaful

Represents the Group's investment in Solidarity Group Holding BSC (c) which is pimarily involved in the business of offering Shari'a compliant takaful contracts. These comprise motor, non-motor, medical, group life and family takaful products. All activities of this business including its investment activities are reported under this segment as they are managed together along with the Takaful business.

Transactions between banking and other segments are conducted at estimated allocated internal rates. Transfer charges are based on a pool rate which approximates the cost of funds.

Segment information is disclosed as follows:

	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)					
	Banking	Treasury	Investments	Takaful	Unallocated	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Finance income	72,552	3,414	454	610	-	77,030
Income from sukuk	-	21,897	-	520	-	22,417
Income from non-trading investments, net	15,500	(7,921)	(326)	695	-	7,948
Fees and commission, net	6,148	632	36	-	-	6,816
Share of profit from associates, net	11,401	-	211	20	-	11,632
Income from Takaful operations, net	- ·		-	3,797	-	3,797
Other income	442	688	171	106	-	1,407
Finance expense on placements from financial institutions	(104)	(5,293)	-	-	-	(5,397)
Finance expense on murabaha term financing	-	(10,112)	-	-	-	(10,112)
Return on equity of investment	(37,388)	(7,578)	(380)	-	-	(45,346)
Net operating income	68,551	(4,273)	166	5,748	-	70,192
Staff cost	10,574	2,834	1,899	_	-	15,307
Premises cost and depreciation	2,674	452	253	-	-	3,379
Other operating expenses	6,402	1,899	2,297	2,660	-	13,258
Operating income before impairment						
allowances	48,901	(9,458)	(4,283)	3,088	-	38,248
Net impairment charge	(13,721)	(44)	(1,246)	(188)	-	(15,199)
Tax for the period	(1,181)	-	_	-	-	(1,181)
Segment result	33,999	(9,502)	(5,529)	2,900	-	21,868
Segment assets	3,145,116	1,345,192	165,218	159,606	55,679	4,870,811
Segment liabilities, and EIAH	3,262,556	1,050,386	26,100	93,415	54,276	4,486,733

As at 30 June 2023

### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

SEGMENT IN ORIMITION (continued)	30 June 2022 (Reviewed)					
	Banking	Treasury	Investments	Takaful	Unallocated	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Finance income	36,555	873	-	-	-	37,428
Income from sukuk	-	15,255	-	-	-	15,255
Income from non-trading investments, net	-	-	(1,480)	-	-	(1,480)
Fees and commission, net	2,664	1,453	1	-	-	4,118
Share of profit from associates, net	-	-	895	-	-	895
Income from Takaful operations, net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	634	262	(230)	-	-	666
Finance expense on placements from						
financial institutions	(614)	(792)	-	-	-	(1,406)
Finance expense on murabaha term						
financing	-	(1,158)	-	-	-	(1,158)
Return on equity of investment						
accountholders	(16,117)	(2,031)	(5)		-	(18,153)
Net operating income	23,122	13,862	(819)	=	=	36,165
Staff cost	6,265	2,178	991	-	-	9,434
Premises cost & depreciation	1,000	333	121	-	-	1,454
Other operating expenses	3,615	1,273	800	-	-	5,688
Operating income before impairment			<del>-</del>			
allowances	12,242	10,078	(2,731)	-	-	19,589
Net impairment charge	(3,280)	(613)	(2,176)			(6,069)
Segment result	8,962	9,465	(4,907)		-	13,520
Segment information for the year ended 31 Decem	nber 2022 (Aud	lited) was as fol	lows:			
Segment assets	2,211,788	1,286,557	197,264	154,523	49,229	3,899,361
Segment liabilities, and EIAH	2,436,309	937,770	15,739	93,397	78,791	3,562,006
_						

The distribution of assets, liabilities and equity of investment accountholders by geographic segment was as follows:

		2023			2022			
	Assets	Liabilities and equity of investment account holders	Contingent liabilities and Commitments	Assets	Liabilities and equity of investment account holders	Contingent liabilities and Commitments		
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000		
GCC International	3,835,412 1,035,399	3,197,280 1,289,453	230,048 371,295	3,652,878 246,483	3,071,611 490,395	266,346 9,300		
Total	4,870,811	4,486,733	601,343	3,899,361	3,562,006	275,646		

#### 15 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

#### Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows an analysis of the non-trading investments and sukuk portfolio carried at fair value in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position:

30 June 2023 (Reviewed)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Sovereign sukuk	214,200	111,989	-	326,189
Corporate sukuk	23,437	346	-	23,783
Equity securities at fair value through income statement	3,415	6,191	81,606	91,212
Equity securities at fair value through equity	16,709	-	2,733	19,442
FX Wa'ad assets position		529	-	529
	257,761	119,055	84,339	461,155
FX Wa'ad liabilities position	-	460	-	460
		460	-	460

As at 30 June 2023

#### 15 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

31 December 2022 (Audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Sovereign sukuk	73,071	139,635	-	212,706
Corporate sukuk	15,423	350	-	15,773
Investment securities at fair value through income statement	11,898	302	82,915	95,115
Investment securities at fair value through equity	8,881	-	2,800	11,681
FX Wa'ad assets position	-	1,247	-	1,247
	109,273	141,534	85,715	336,522
FX Wa'ad liabilities position	-	440	-	440
		440	-	440
Financial instruments measured at amortized cost				·
30 June 2023 (Reviewed)				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Sovereign sukuk at amortized cost	483,688	74,652	-	558,340
Corporate sukuk at amortized cost	18,524	-	5,755	24,279
	502,212	74,652	5,755	582,619
31 December 2022 (Audited)				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
#	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Sovereign sukuk at amortized cost	496,936	87,535	-	584,471
Corporate sukuk at amortized cost	10,118		14,313	24,431
	507,054	87,535	14,313	608,902

The fair value of sukuk carried at amortized cost is BD 599,583 thousand (2022: BD579,528 thousand).

The movements in fair value of non-trading investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2023	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
	BD '000	BD '000
At 1 January	85,715	87,173
Transferred from Solidarity	-	2,805
Purchases	34	49
Disposals	-	(23)
Fair value changes	112	(275)
Impairment	(1,522)	(4,014)
	84,339	85,715

The sensitivity analysis for Level 3 of non-trading investments are summarized below:

Valuation technique		Fair value at 30	Reasonable possible shift +/- (in average	Increase / (decrease)
used	Key unobservable inputs	June 2023 BD'000	input)	in valuation
Asset Valuation	Underlying real estate	104,761	+/- 5%	5,238 / (5,238)

 $The \ movements \ of \ sukuk \ portfolio \ carried \ at \ amortized \ cost \ classified \ in \ Level \ 3 \ of \ the \ fair \ value \ hierarchy \ are \ as \ follows:$ 

30 June	31 December
2023	2022
(Reviewed)	(Audited)
BD '000	BD '000
14,313	-
-	11,774
(8,578)	2,539
5,735	14,313
	2023 (Reviewed) BD '000 14,313 - (8,578)

#### 15 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

The estimated fair value of yielding financing assets and financing liabilities approximates their carrying value as their pricing is not materially different to expected market return on such contracts.

#### Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The estimated fair value of yielding financing assets and financing liabilities approximates their carrying value as their pricing is not materially different to expected market return on such contracts.

The estimated fair values of other financial assets are not expected to be materially different from their carrying values as of 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 due to their short term nature.

#### 16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 17 REGULATORY RATIOS

#### 1) Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

LCR has been developed to promote short-term resilience of a bank's liquidity risk profile. The LCR requirements aim to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered high quality liquidity assets (HQLA) that consists of assets that can be converted into cash immediately to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day stressed liquidity year. The stock of unencumbered HQLA should enable the bank to survive until day 30 of the stress scenario, by which time appropriate corrective actions would have been taken by management to find the necessary solutions to the liquidity crisis.

LCR is computed as a ratio of Stock of HQLA over the net cash outflows. The average consolidated LCR for three months calculated as per the requirements of the CBB rulebook, as of 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, is as follows:

	Total weighted value BD'	200
	30 June 2023 (Reviewed) 31 December 2	022 (Audited)
Stock of HQLA	647,559	538,323
Net cashflows	299,132	219,621
LCR %	220.02%	251.40%
Minimum required by CBB	100%	100%

#### 2) Capital Adequacy Ratio

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management policies are to ensure that the Group complies with externally imposed capital requirements and that the Group maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholders' value. Capital adequacy for each of the group companies is also managed separately at individual company level. The Group does not have any significant restrictions on its ability to access or use its assets and settle its liabilities other than any restrictions that may result from the supervisory frameworks within which the banking subsidiaries operate.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years.

The regulatory capital and risk-weighted assets have been calculated in accordance with Basel III as adopted by the CBB.

	As a	t
BD'000	30 June 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)
CET 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	316,528	302,173
Less: regulatory adjustments	50,156	34,562
CET 1 Capital after regulatory adjustments	266,372	267,611
AT 1 Capital	2,807	44
T2 Capital adjustments	54,632	38,415
Regulatory Capital	323,811	306,070
Risk weighted exposure:		
Credit Risk Weighted Assets	1,429,717	1,244,559
Market Risk Weighted Assets	983	38,237
Operational Risk Weighted Assets	137,610	113,494
Total Regulatory Risk Weighted Assets		
	1,568,310	1,396,290
Total Adjusted Risk Weighted Exposures	1,568,310	1,396,290
Capital Adequacy Ratio	20.65%	21.92%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.16%	19.17%

As of 30 June 2023, aggregate of modification loss of BD 16,512 thousand (2022: BD 24,768 thousand) has been added back to Tier 1 capital.

#### 17 REGULATORY RATIOS (continued)

#### 2) Capital Adequacy Ratio (continued)

As per CBB instructions, the above concessional treatment would be followed for three years ending 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022, thereafter this amount will be proportionately deducted from Tier 1 capital for three years starting 1 January 2023.

#### 3) Net Stable funding Ratio

The objective of the NSFR is to promote the resilience of banks' liquidity risk profiles and to incentivize a more resilient banking sector over a longer time horizon. The NSFR limits overreliance on short-term wholesale funding, encourages better assessment of funding risk across all on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet items, and promotes funding stability.

NSFR is calculated in accordance with the Liquidity Risk Management Module guidelines, issued by CBB and its affective from 2019. The minimum NSFR ratio as per CBB is 100%.

The NSFR (as a percentage) as at 30 June 2023 is calculated as follows:

#### Unweighted Values (before applying relevant factors)

BD'000					
·	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one	Over one year	Total weighted value
Item			year		
Available Stable Funding (ASF):					
Capital:	204.252			<b>5</b> 4 coa	250 004
Regulatory Capital	304,252	-	-	54,631	358,884
Retail deposits and deposits					
from small business customers:		220 402	<b>=</b> 202		222 520
Stable deposits	-	230,482	7,283	6,653	232,529
Less stable deposits	-	1,303,298	439,112	281,388	1,849,557
Wholesale funding:		1 502 (2)	220 220	77,002	(10.204
Other wholesale funding	-	1,593,626	329,330	76,003	610,384
Other liabilities:					
All other liabilities not included		125.200			
in the above categories	-	135,288			-
Total ASF	304,252	3,262,694	775,725	418,675	3,051,354
Required Stable Funding (RSF):					
Total NSFR high-quality					
liquid assets (HQLA)	_	_	_	_	33,154
Performing financing and					
sukuk/ securities:					
Performing financing to financial					
institutions secured by non-level 1					
HQLA and unsecured performing					
financing to financial institutions	-	247,681	_	12,501	49,653
Performing financing to non- financial		,		,	,
corporate clients, financing to retail					
and small business customers, and					
financing to sovereigns, central banks					
and PSEs, of which:	-	788,919	262,411	1,114,077	1,437,374
With a risk weight of less than or		,	,	, ,	, ,
equal to 35% as per the Capital					
Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	_	_	176,281	114,583
Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	356,514	231,734
With a risk weight of less than				,	,
or equal to 35% under the CBB					
Capital Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	_	_	356,514	231,734
Securities/ sukuk that are not in					- , -
default and do not qualify as HQLA,					
including exchange-traded equities	-	14,722	11,112	12,640	23,661
Other assets:		,	,	,	,
All other assets not included in					
the above categories	727,286	17,806	-	68,943	740,948
OBS items		601,317	-		30,067
Total RSF	727,286	1,670,445	273,523	1,564,676	2,546,591
NSFR (%)	-	-	-	-	119.82%
· ·/					

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION As at 30 June  $2023\,$ 

#### 17 REGULATORY RATIOS (continued)

#### 3) Net Stable funding Ratio (continued)

The NSFR (as a percentage) as at 31 December 2022 is calculated as follows:

Unweighted Values (before applying relevant factors)

BD'000		rea vannes (sejore	c approxime referen	a jacio, sy	_
Item	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value
item			уеш		
Available Stable Funding (ASF): Capital:					
Regulatory Capital	279,592	-	-	38,415	318,007
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:					
Stable deposits	-	315,809	21,822	15,879	336,629
Less stable deposits	-	936,116	233,070	133,844	1,186,111
Wholesale funding:					
Other wholesale funding	-	1,452,526	184,892	87,198	473,702
Other liabilities:					
All other liabilities not included					
in the above categories		51,422	-	46,593	46,593
Total ASF	279,592	2,755,873	439,784	321,929	2,361,042
Required Stable Funding (RSF):					
Total NSFR high-quality					
liquid assets (HQLA)	-	_	_	_	34,634
Performing financing and					
sukuk/ securities:					
Performing financing to financial					
institutions secured by non-level 1					
HQLA and unsecured performing					
financing to financial institutions	-	285,379	-	6,496	49,302
Performing financing to non- financial					
corporate clients, financing to retail					
and small business customers, and					
financing to sovereigns, central banks					
and PSEs, of which:	-	357,123	154,489	1,222,473	1,268,029
With a risk weight of less than or					
equal to 35% as per the Capital					
Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	134,393	87,356
Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	221,246	143,810
With a risk weight of less than					
or equal to 35% under the CBB					
Capital Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	-	-	221,246	143,810
Securities/ sukuk that are not in					
default and do not qualify as HQLA,					4= 0=0
including exchange-traded equities	-	12,236	2,458	12,357	17,850
Other assets:					
All other assets not included in	557.027	14.025		00.124	CEO 174
the above categories	557,037	14,025	-	88,124	652,174
OBS items	557,037	275,333	156.947	1 550 606	13,767
Total RSF	357,037	944,096	130,947	1,550,696	2,179,566
NSFR (%)	-	-	-	-	108.33%

#### 18 BUSINESS COMBINATION

#### Acquisition of subsidiary

During the period, the Group has increased its legal shareholding in Al Salam Bank Algeria (ASBA) to 53.13%, thereby establishing control. Furthermore, the Group has firm commitments at agreed pricing terms from other selling shareholders to increase its shareholding by another 14.90%, which is currently under a regulatory approval process. Accordingly, the Bank has present access to 68.03% of the interest in ASBA. The Group has applied the anticipated acquisition method and consolidated the results and financial position of ASBA from 1 April 2023.

The fair value of assets, liabilities, equity interests will have been reported in these disclosures on a provisional basis and will be finalized within a period of 12 months from the date of acquisition. In line with the provisions of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", if new information, obtained within one year from the acquisition date about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date, identified adjustments to the above amounts, or any additional provisions that existed at the acquisition date, then the acquisition accounting will be revised. Revisions to provisional acquisition accounting will be reflected on a retrospective basis.

#### a) Total consideration

Total cash consideration of BD 18,450 thousand.

#### b) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed

ASSETS ACQUIRED	BD '000
Cash and bank balances with Central Bank of Algeria	297,407
Financing portfolio	479,418
Investment properties	13,683
Other assets	15,034
Intangible assets	24,476
Total assets (A)	830,018
LIABILITIES ASSUMED	
Customer current accounts	401,096
Other liabilities	35,873
Total liabilities	436,969
Equity of investment accountholders	293,422
Total liabilities and equity of investment accountholders (B)	730,391
Total identifiable net assets acquired (C = A-B)	99,627

The fair value of ASBA's intangible assets (banking license and customer relationships) has been measured provisionally.

#### c) Gain on bargain purchase

	BD '0000
Consideration	18,450
Non controlling interest based on proportionate of identifiable net assets	31,850
Fair value of existing interest in ASBA	33,767
Fair value of identifiable net assets (C)	99,627
Gain on bargain purchase	15,560

In the three months ended 30 June 2023, ASBA contributed revenue of BD 9,978 thousand and loss of BD 557 thousand net of provisional acquisition adjustments to the Group's results. If the acquisition had occured on 1 January 2023, management estimates that consolidated revenue would have been BD 20,429 thousand. It is impracticable to determine the profit or loss of the combined entity for the current reporting period assuming the acquisition had occured on 1 January 2023, due to the impact of acquisition accounting adjustments and foreign exchange differences.

#### 19 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior year figures have been regrouped to conform to the current year presentation. Such grouping did not affect previously reported net profit, total assets, total liabilities and total equity of the Group.